



Oxalis Triangularis

This document provides guidance for growing Oxalis Triangularis in USDA Zones 6 through 9A. In zones 9B and above, this variety will not go dormant, and some of this information may not apply.

Planting

Plant bulbs promptly after receiving them. Delayed planting can result in mold development or desiccation. The media included in the bag is vermiculite, which can be added to the soil when potting.

Plant bulbs in pots using premium potting soil. Ensure the pot has adequate drainage. Position tubers 1 inch apart and plant them on their side—sprouts emerge from one end of the tuber. Do not break tubers in half; this will not produce additional plants and will likely kill the tuber. Plant tubers 1½–2 inches deep and cover with soil.

Keep soil moist but not wet. Place in a bright window, preferably one that receives morning sun. Plants typically emerge within two weeks. Once plants emerge, water only when soil has dried out almost completely.

Outdoor Growing

Oxalis Triangularis is hardy to Zone 6 and above, suitable for indoor or outdoor cultivation. When grown outdoors in the ground, be aware that in their native habitat, these plants go dormant at the end of summer after rainfall subsides, returning a few weeks to a month later. Depending on local rainfall patterns, dormancy may or may not occur. If plants do go dormant, leave them undisturbed—they will return when conditions are favorable, often producing additional bulbs. Do not discard plants assuming they are dead.

When kept outdoors in the ground, plants will go dormant in winter and return in spring.

Indoor Growing and Dormancy Prevention

When grown in pots, indoors or outdoors, dormancy can often be avoided with consistent watering.

Light Requirements

These plants prefer bright light to part sun. Note: Leaves close at night by folding upward. This is normal behavior; they will reopen during daylight hours.

Fertilizing

Apply an all-purpose or bloom-boosting indoor fertilizer every few weeks.



Seed Storage Guidelines

For delayed planting, proper storage ensures seed viability. Seeds require cool, dark, and dry conditions. Retain seeds in the food-grade plastic bag provided, place the bag inside a sealed glass jar, and cover with an opaque bag or material to block light. Ideal storage locations include basements or refrigerators. Refrigeration is essential for certain species, including poppies. Under proper conditions, most seeds remain viable for 1-5 years, depending on species.

Satisfaction Guarantee

Seedcult guarantees all seeds, bulbs, and bare root plants to provide satisfactory yields. Customers who experience germination issues or are dissatisfied for any reason are encouraged to contact Seedcult prior to leaving a review. Replacement, refund, or expert guidance will be provided. Customer satisfaction and plant success are core priorities.

Seedcult is a Florida-based specialty seed company operating exclusively through online sales and direct shipping. Our catalog encompasses a comprehensive range of seed varieties, with particular expertise in rare cultivars and exotic hybrids.

Seedcult maintains an unwavering commitment to non-GMO seeds. This principle was established at our founding and remains embedded in the DNA of our company charter. It is a commitment from which we will never deviate.

